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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/587,530	07/27/2006	Joseph W. Lindley	21799-200447	8911
	7590 03/06/200 HORNBURG LLP	EXAMINER		
11 SOUTH ME		ADDIE, RAYMOND W		
INDIANAPOL	13, IIN 40204		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3671	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/06/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

indocket@btlaw.com

Office Action Commons		A	pplication No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10	0/587,530	LINDLEY, JOSE	LINDLEY, JOSEPH W.			
Office Action Summary			caminer	Art Unit				
			aymond W. Addie	3671				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commui r Reply	nication appear	s on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	address			
WHIC - Exten after: - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN sions of time may be available under the provision: SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- period for reply is specified above, the maximum s e to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE s of 37 CFR 1.136(a) munication. tatutory period will ap y will, by statute, caus	OF THIS COMMUN. In no event, however, may oply and will expire SIX (6) Mose the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 27 July 2	2006.					
· —	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
—	Since this application is in condition	<i>′</i> —		atters, prosecution as to th	ne merits is			
-	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are pending in the	application.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· —	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,8-10,13-17,21 and 23</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) <u>6,7,11,12,18-20 and 22</u> is/							
	Claim(s) are subject to restri							
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□ -	The specification is objected to by th	ne Examiner						
•	The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 July 200</u> 6		ccepted or b)□ obi	ected to by the Examiner.				
,	Applicant may not request that any obje			•				
				• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment	(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application								
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 8, 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Haivala US 3,082,460.

Haivala discloses a concrete screed having a frame (27-34) adapted to move a screed bar over concrete.

The screed bar having 2 interior regions and 1st and 2nd attachment portions (27, 28).

A mount (15) coupling the frame to the screed bar. the mount having a core (at 16) positioned in the interior regions of the screed bar.

1st and 2nd anchors (34, 35) anchoring the 1st and 2nd attachment portions (27, 28) to the core without the 1st and 2nd attachment portions extending into the interior region of said screed bar. See Cols. 1-2.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1, 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Naser et al. US 4,702,641 in view of Lindley US 5,244,305.

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Naser et al. discloses a concrete screed (10) comprising:

A frame (44, 46, 48) with 1st and 2nd feet (50, 52).

A tubular screed bar (12) having a core of reinforcement material (24).

A mount (36) coupling the frame and screed.

Anchor means, such as a clevis pin, for anchoring the feet to the core without the feet extending into the interior of the screed bar (12). See Figs. 1-4, 7; Cols. 3-6.

What Naser et al. does not disclose is the use of a vibration generating device.

However, Lindley teaches it is known to provide vibration generating devices (17) to concrete screed bars (20) in order to improve compaction of wet concrete.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the concrete screed of Naser et al. with a vibration generator, as taught by Lindley, in order to improve the compaction rate of the concrete being leveled. See Figs. 1-4, Cols. 1-2.

3. Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Naser et al. US 4,702,641 in view of Lindley US 5,244,305 as put forth with respect to claim 1 above, and further in view of Haivala '460.

Naser et al. in view of Lindley discloses essentially all that is claimed, including a screed bar having a reinforced screed bar, having a rectangular cross-section.

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But does not disclose a compound rectangular/triangular screed bar. However Haivala teaches it is known to form concrete screeds having a support frame, and a screed bar having a rectangular portion and a triangular portion forming 1st and 2nd interior chambers, separated by an interior wall (15). The triangularly shaped portion being designed to flatten level or scrape a mass of wet concrete. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to provide the concrete screed of Naser et al. in view of Lindley, with a multi-utility screed bar, as taught by Naser et al., in order to utilize 1 tool for a variety of concrete leveling-compacting and finishing processes, which are well known in the art.

4. Claims 9, 16, 17, 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haivala '460 in view of Rijkers US 6,322,286 B1.

Haivala discloses a concrete screed having a chambered, tubular, screed bar for consolidating concrete. But does not disclose inserting a fastener into the interior of the screed bar. However, Rijkers teaches it is known to provide concrete screeds with a mounting bracket (9) that is mounted to the both sides of a tubular screed bar (2), and a fastener (30) extending through said screed bar (2), thereby securing the screed bar (2) directly to a vibration generator (8). Therefore, it would have been obvious to provide the concrete screed of Haivala with a vibration generator mounted directly to both sides of a screed bar, as taught by Rijkers, in order to evenly distribute compaction forces, along the screed bar length and width. See Cols. 1-4; Figs. 2, 3.

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5. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haivala '460 in view of Rijkers US 6,322,286 B1, as put forth with respect to claim 9 above, and further in view of Naser et al. '641.

Haivala in view of Rijkers discloses essentially all that is claimed, to include a chambered, tubular, screed bar, but doe not disclose the use of a reinforcement device completely filling the 1st chamber. However, Naser teaches it is known to provide a tubular screed bar (12) with a reinforcement device (24) that completely files the 1st chamber, thereby increasing the rigidity of the screed bar. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to provide the screed bar of Haivala in view of Rijkers, with a reinforcement material, as taught by Naser et al., in order to prevent sagging and warping of the screed bar, as is known in the art.

6. Claim s 13, 14, 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haivala '460 in view of Rijkers US 6,322,286 B1, as put forth with respect to claims 8, 16 above, and further in view of Record US 5,980,154.

Haivala in view of Rijkers discloses essentially all that is claimed except for the use of "quick connect" couplings. However, Record teaches it is advantageous to attach screed bars (30) to a frame assembly (21), in order to expedite replacing of worn or broken screed bars.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to provide the screed bar of Haivala in view of Rijkers, with quick connect couplings, as taught by Record, in order to expedite replacing of worn or broken screed bars, which is known to occur in the art. Figs. 1-5; Cols. 2-4.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 6, 7, 11, 12, 18-20, 22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond W. Addie whose telephone number is 571 272-6986. The examiner can normally be reached on 7am-3:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas B. Will can be reached on 571 272-6998. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Raymond W. Addie/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3671

3/2/2009